A PROPOSED SYNOPSIS ON

An Analytical Study of Powerloom Sector with Special refrence to Bhiwandi City in Maharastra

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INTRODUCTION OF TEXTILE INDUSTRY

The textile industry in India occupy our very important status in India as
it provides once of the basic necessity of human being[clothing]. This industry alone has the capacity to provide large number of direct and indirect employment

It contributes 30% of the total exports of the country which means huge foreign country is earned because of this Sector it is also sad that it is the second largest employment generator after agriculture.

India is second largest producer of fabric in the world and the major fibre produce is cotton 60% of the Indian textile industry is cotton based other fabrics that are produced is silk , jhute old and manmade fibre

India ranks first in global jute production and share 63% of global textile and garment market.

India ranks second in global textile manufacturing and also second in silk and cotton production.

100% FDI is allowed through automatic Route in textile industry

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND OF BHIWANDI CITY

Bhiwandi is the city in Thane district of Maharashtra state. It is a major Trade Centre. It acts as a major link between Mumbai and rest of India through Mumbai Agra highway. It is duly been named as “Manchester of India”.

In the early 20th century Bhiwandi was a small town inhabited namely by Maharashtra main occupations of people at times of the fishing, agriculture and hand loom with the introduction of electricity handlooms where replaced by power loom and in the year 1930 it become a hub of textile industry, the first textile loom was set up by Khan Saheb Samad Seth in 1927.

It is the textile industry which change the face of Bhiwandi in many ways and people from all over India started settling down here, the demand for power loom was so high that migrant worker from you UP and Bihar started migrating to bhiwandi,

Bhiwandi has 12 lack power looms which is countries 33% of total power loom, turnover of this is approximately 10,000 crores annually

Power looms in Bhiwandi city support family of 20 lakh workers.

STUDY BACKGROUND

The idea of this study has an evolved because of the Working of the situation of power loom industry. Despite being provider of basic necessity most of the new generations of people are leaving this business Being second largest supporter of the livelihood of the millions of people in India. Hence it was decided to undertake a study which considers and knows all the problems of power loom owner, Power looms workers and understand the various challenges faced by this sector.

The study is expected to bring out some proper feedback or solution, which would be helpful to this sector.

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

1) To study the various problem of owners of power loom industry.
2) To evaluate the obstacles that the worker face in power loom industry.
3) To study the various government schemes in power loom industry.
4) To study all the Aspect that lead to the poor performance of power loom sector.
5) To analyse the strength, weakness, opportunities and challenges of the power loom industry.

HYPOTHESIS

HO There are no problems that the owner of power loom industry faces.

H1 There are lots of problems that the owner of power loom industry faces.

HO There are no Obstacles that the worker faces while working in the power loom industry.

H1 There are huge obstacles that the worker faces while working in the power loom industry.

HO There are no government policies with respect to power looms industry.

H1 There are a lot of government policies with respect to power loom industry.

CHALLENGES FACED BY OWNERS OF POWER LOOM SECTOR

Following are the some of the challenge that are the faced by the owners of power loom sector.

1) Fluctuations in yarn price
2) Absence of financial and non-financial discipline.
3) Most of the owners are not fully aware of the various government scheme.
4) Financial issues
5) Banks do not play a friendly rule for power loom sector.
6) Labour absenteeism.

CHALLENGES FACED BY THE WORKERS OF POWER LOOM SECTOR.

Following are some of the problems that are being faced by power loom workers.

1. No paid holidays.
2. Bad working condition
3. Most of the power loom workers are suffering from Tuberculosis.
4. No proper housing facility.
5. Ignorance of children education allowance etc.

LIMITATION

1) The study will consider only the problems of owners and workers of the Bhiwandi City only.
2) The objectives stated for research study purpose only.
3) Problems in getting Honest reply from the workers side.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND DATA COLLECTION

As Data play a very important role in research similarly, techniques of data collection place equally important role, so, the Data would be collected from primary as well as secondary sources.

PRIMARY SOURCES

Data would be collected from primary sources through Questionnaire method. Would be all the person directly or indirectly involved like owners, suppliers,, dealers, labour's etc.

QUESTIONNAIRE

Separate set of questions would be prepared for different respondent.

OBSERVATION:-

In order to carry more Information to the research, the researchers would observe the Power loom.

INTERVIEW:-

Interview method would be very helpful to gather lots of, information, not only from the owners but also from all the concern person.

SECONDARY:-

The research would collect data from various sources Like Textile Ministry, Textile Association etc.

LITERATURE REVIEW

1. "Study on the power loom sector of the cotton textile industry Tirunelveli district" KV marvel.

"He states that, in a country like India where is still majority people resides in small villages, where power loom are sufficient to make a small family economically viable, the only things that is needed is awareness and support from the government"

2. "A study of problems Prospects of a small scale industry with special reference to power loom in bid district, Dhaneshwar B.B

"He states that the Textile has a unique place in the Indian Industrial economy

Further he states that the issues involved in power loom industry needs multi prolonged strategies. Though enough policy package have been worked out, but they have benefited wrong people unless the target group is correctly

Identified and major's reach the really needy, no policy plan can be successful in its objectives.

3) An economic analysis of power loom industry in solapur city, Dipali Suresh Patil.

She states that solapur is the home of handloom and power loom waving industry, in the year 1960-61, there were about 200 power loom in solapur, which repeatedly increase 2000 power loom is still increase to 16,000 and in current situation there are only 6000 power loom operational in the district.

CONCLUSION

From the above it can be stated that, being a basic necessity provider and by providing huge employment in a country where unemployment is a major macroeconomic problem, the situation of the power loom industry and its people is getting deteriorated day by day.

It also contributes to large portion of export of the country by which we earn valuable foreign country the condition of the power loom industry is not improving, this research would be helpful in knowing all the problems of this industry and finding out appropriate major for the same.

CHAPTER SCHEME

1 Introduction

2 Review of literature

3Research Design and Research Methodology

4 Analysis and Interpretation of Data Collected from Power loom owner and Power loom worker

5 Finding Conclusion and suggestion

6 Scope for further study

The above chapter scheme is tentative .It may change in the course of the study.

(Khan Huma) (Dr. Sujata Chavan)

Research scholar Research Guide